

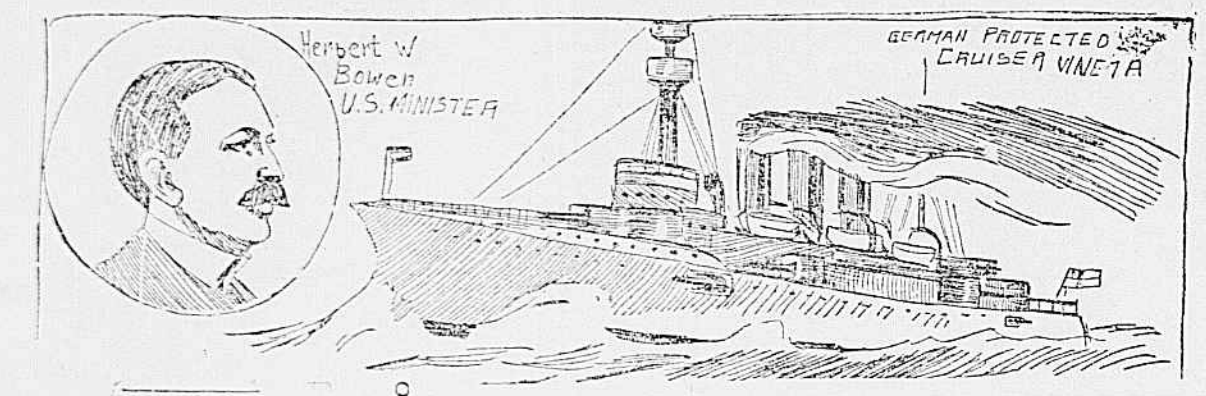
WEATHER FORECAST.  
Forecast for Friday and Saturday:  
Friday—Rain; Saturday, colder in interior.  
North Carolina—Fair Friday, Saturday  
fair; colder; fresh southwest winds shifting  
to northwest.

# The Times

RANGE OF THERMOMETER.  
The thermometer ranged as follows at  
The Times office yesterday: 9 A. M., 50;  
12 M., 61; 3 P. M., 68; 6 P. M., 69; 9 P.  
M., 67; 12 midnight, 62. Average, 59-2-3.

VOL. 17. NO. 263, RICHMOND VA. FRIDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1902. PRICE TWO CENTS.

## BRITISH AND GERMAN CONSULS IN PRISON



Those at Puerto Cabello Fall Into Castro's Hands.

CAPTURE ENGLISH VESSEL

It Was Unloading Coal and Could Not Get Away from Harbor.

SOON TO MARCH ON CARACAS

Marines Have Been Landed and Are Well Equipped for the Fray—Venezuela Has Quite a Respectable Army in the Field—Great Powers Formally Thank Uncle Sam—Notes.

THEATRE OF AN Anglo-GERMAN-VENEZUELAN INTERLUDE.

MR. ANDREW J. CARNEGIE TALKS UPON SOME TIMELY TOPICS

He Discusses the Coal Situation Gives His Views on the Subject of Trusts and Says He is Glad to Get Back.

(Special Dispatch to The Times.)  
NEW YORK, December 11.—Andrew Carnegie, on his arrival from Europe today, said:  
"Only one thing makes my home coming sad, and that is the death of Tom Reed. Why, I knew him as a boy. He had the same trouble as myself, but my system was able to throw it off. I am feeling almost as well as ever."  
"What about the coal situation?" he said. "Coal is scarce, the poor in need. That is truly a bad condition. I hope that it will become better soon. I hope, too, that the press will use all of its influence toward preventing the permanent use of soft coal in New York. Our city has had the reputation of being one of the cleanest in the country. Soft coal will ruin its beauty and take from it its pure air. I have lived in Pittsburgh, and I know what soft coal means. We need pure air. Pure air means life. We need it, too."

(By Associated Press.)  
LONDON, December 11.—The Central News says it is reported in the lobby of the House of Commons this afternoon that the allies have landed blue-jackets at La Guayra for the purpose of effecting the capture of President Castro, and that nothing is going on in the streets.  
The Foreign Office here has no information to this effect.

All Prisoners Released.  
(By Associated Press.)  
LA GUAYRA, VENEZUELA, December 10.—All the British and German subjects arrested yesterday were released this afternoon.

More Vessels Captured.  
(By Associated Press.)  
KINGSTOWN, ISLAND OF ST. VINCENT, December 11.—The Venezuelan coast guard vessel Valiente Tresdramero captured in the Gulf of Paria and taken to Port of Spain, Trinidad, this morning by the British sloop of war Alert.

Troops in the Field.  
(By Associated Press.)  
LA GUAYRA, VENEZUELA, December 11.—General Ferrer, the minister of war, has arrived here with two thousand troops. Eight hundred men under President Castro's brother are expected here at 10 o'clock. Only the British cruiser Indefatigable is now here. She is at anchor in the middle of the harbor. All the other warships have left for La Guayra. Minister of War and Herr von Pilgrim-Baltazar, it was learned today, left here last night. The former was on board the Retribution and the latter on the Vineta, which sailed for Trinidad.

French Vessel Captured.  
(By Associated Press.)  
PARIS, December 11.—A lengthy official dispatch has been received at the Foreign Office from Caracas, saying that the British and German warships, in seizing the vessels supposed to belong to Venezuela, also captured a French merchant steamer, the Osmun.

These advices reached here so late today that the officials were unable to say what steps would be taken in the matter, but it is believed that unless the Germans promptly rectify the mistake and release the Osmun, representations on the subject will be made to Germany. This is taken into consideration the delicate state of relations and the possibilities of international complications beyond those involving Venezuela alone.

The Osmun was owned by a Frenchman. She used her in the coastwise trade of South America. About eight months ago the Osmun was seized by the forces of President Castro, on the ground that the ship was a military necessity, and the Venezuelan flag was hoisted on board the steamer.

There May Be Friction.  
The advices from Caracas further indicate that some tension is arising between the German and British naval commanders over the methods of enforcing the demands. The German authorities insist on decisive action, and the advices received show that they have landed a small German force, besides seizing the ships. The British commander desires to proceed gingerly and more in accordance with the usual course of diplomacy. As a result of this friction some of the leading diplomatic representatives at Caracas have reported that it is not likely that the British will participate in the seizure of the customs houses. If this is borne out, the officials here consider that the joint character of the operations will be considerably interrupted.

Minister Bowen Cables.  
(By Associated Press.)  
WASHINGTON, D. C., December 11.—Minister Bowen to Caracas in a telegram to the State Department, dated today, confirms the press reports that all the German and British prisoners have

(Continued on Second Page.)

## DIRTY STREETS ARE PROBABLE CHRISTMAS

Street Cleaning Department May Close Down Soon.

MORE MONEY IS NEEDED

Report of Superintendent Cohn Causes Ripple of Surprise.

106 MEN NOW OUT OF WORK

Special Meeting of the Board of Aldermen May Be Called to Consider a Transfer of Money—All Depends on Finance Committee.

Gossip.

As the executive head of the Street Cleaning Department I will be compelled to close down next Wednesday, unless the Board of Aldermen concur in the action of the common Council and transfer the sum of \$1,700 from the expense to the payroll account, this amount being necessary to pay the 106 employees of the department until the first of the year. Statement of Superintendent of Street Cleaning H. J. Cohn to the Council Committee on Health last night.

While one or two members of the committee were aware that the Health Department was short of money, all were surprised at the statement of the superintendent, as the seriousness of the situation had not dawned upon them, and as a result Mr. Cohn was instructed to work his force just so long as the amount in hand will pay them. In the meantime, Chairman Hobson, of the Health Committee, and the superintendent of the department will appear before the Finance Committee and urge upon them the necessity of the transfer. It is stated that strong opposition will manifest itself, and there is a possibility that until the first of the year the streets of the city will remain dirty.

SUGGESTS TRANSFER.

At the last meeting of the Health Committee Mr. Cohn announced that \$1,700 additional would be necessary to pay the employees of his department until the first of the year. He said the money was not in sight and unless some action looking to placing the sum at the disposal of the department was taken it would be compulsory on his part to shut down the work. He said that he was confident that the credit of the expense account to pay the employees for the balance of the year, and suggested that a transfer be recommended to the Council. This action met with the approval of the committee, and a letter to the Finance Committee was forwarded to the common Council.

At the regular monthly meeting of this body the action of the Health Committee was approved, the transfer of \$1,700 being ordered from the expense account to the credit of the employees of the department. The Board of Aldermen last Tuesday night President Turpin, as is always the custom, ruled that unless the rules were suspended the paper would go to the Committee on Finance for consideration. And a resolution was, therefore, held up.

Both Aldermen Cottrill and Satterfield, of the Health Committee, were present, and it was their intention to bring the matter up under the head of roll call. But when the roll call was called, however, it developed that the necessary number of members to suspend the rules were not present, a number having been excused. In view of the statement of Mr. Cohn

(Continued on Second Page.)

## NEW JUDGESHIP FOR FOURTH CIRCUIT

If Created, Senator Pritchard Will Probably Be Appointed.

(Special Dispatch to The Times.)  
WASHINGTON, D. C., December 11.—Senator Simmons, of North Carolina, introduced in the Senate today a bill to create another judgeship in the Fourth Judicial Circuit. This circuit, which covers Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland and North and South Carolina, has needed a third judge for some time, the work being too heavy for Judges Goff and Simonton, and it is with their knowledge and presumably their sanction also, that Senator Simmons has introduced his bill.

An interesting feature of the case is that it is generally understood that Senator Pritchard, of North Carolina, is slated to fill the office which will be created on Simmons' bill. In fact, this is one of the reasons Senator Simmons thinks his bill will pass at the short session, since the Republican Senators will be in order to help out Pritchard. If the bill goes through, and if Pritchard's name comes up for it, as every one believes it will, the negro element will be heard from in a manner and to an extent that will cause the Vice matter to pale into insignificance. Nearly all the prominent North Carolina negroes have declared war on Pritchard as the leader of the "Bly white" movement, and they declare that if he tries to get this judgeship they will fight him to the last ditch.

MAD MULLAH KILLED WHILE HE WAS PRAYING

(By Associated Press.)  
ADEN, ARABIA, Dec. 11.—A rumor has reached here of the assassination of the Mad Mullah, in Somaliland. The report was brought to the coast by a native runner from Garmura, in Berbera. The Mullah is said to have been killed by a spear thrust in the stomach while he was praying.

## MR. CLEVELAND TALKS ABOUT COLORED RACE

OLD EMPLOYE OF R. F. & P. KILLED

Car-Inspector Sutton Struck by Passenger Train.

ACCIDENT IN ACCA YARDS

Coroner James Viewed the Body and Will Hold Inquest at the Billey Undertaking Rooms at Noon To-Day.

(By Associated Press.)  
SCRANTON, PA., December 11.—The representatives of the mining during the course of today's proceedings before the anti-trust coal strike commission called one of the independent operators to the witness stand to tell the exact price he received for his coal, and the mine owner refused.

The operator was J. L. Crawford, president of the People's Coal Company, which operates the Oxford colliery, in Scranton. The request for him to take the stand came as a surprise. The Oxford colliery, during the strike, managed to get enough men to operate the plant, and for one month, according to Mr. Crawford, his company received \$2 a ton for its coal.

Objections were raised to the miners' lawyers trying to get him to tell what he received from the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Company for his product, but witness said it was sixty-five per cent. of the railroad's selling price. Mr. Crawford said he got about \$2.50 a ton for his coal.

WILL CLOSE SATURDAY.

The miners announced that they would close their case on Saturday, and thus save notice to the other side to be ready to proceed with their testimony. The companies' attorneys announced that they may have to ask for a short recess in order to properly prepare their case.

Judge Gray, for the commission, in reply, said he hoped there would be no interruption in the proceedings. Nearly the entire day when the strike of the witnesses who had some specific complaint to make, among other things the price paid per mine car, and the size of the cars.

Two witnesses, employed by the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Company, testified that before the strike of 1900 the men, when they worked, received 12 cents a car and that the strike was ended by the company agreeing to give the men an increase in wages of ten per cent., 12 1/2 in cash and the other 1 1/2 per cent. to be considered in the future in the price of the coal. They now get 3 cents a car less, or 9 cents. They did not know why it was reduced.

AS TO BOYCOTTS.

Father O'Donnell, of Olyphant, who testified that there was no lawlessness where he was stationed, was asked by Judge Gray:

"Do you believe in boycotts?"

The witness replied that he believed he had the right not to deal or associate with a person who did something that he did not like or was contrary to his interests.

"I go along with you that far," said the chairman, "how much further would you go? For instance, have you a right to boycott me if I could deal or associate with such a person?"

"No, sir, neither would I commit violence."

"That is right; we draw the line at the same point."

## THE BIG SHIPMENT OF GOLD TO SOUTH AMERICA

(By Associated Press.)  
NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—Of the \$1,000,000 gold, engaged for shipment to South America this week, only \$800,000 was withdrawn from the sub-treasury, the balance was presumably taken from the Clearing House by one of the associated banks, which have at this time about \$75,000,000 gold on deposit there.

## FIVE ALLEGED MURDERERS PLACED UNDER ARREST

(By Associated Press.)  
ELLSVILLE, MISS., December 11.—The five men charged with complicity in the murder of William K. French, of Jonesboro, Ala., at a saw mill camp near Laurel, Miss., were brought here and placed in the county jail for safekeeping. They will be given a preliminary hearing at Laurel to-morrow.

## UNIQUE ENDING OF DAMAGE SUIT

Lawyers Agree on Compromise and in a Few Minutes Jury Finds for Defendant.

(Special Dispatch to The Times.)  
WINCHESTER, V., December 11.—The third trial of the famous Price damage suit came to an end abrupt and unlooked for in the Circuit Court this afternoon. The case had been given to the jury this morning, and the general impression was that a verdict for the plaintiff would be found.

This afternoon the attorneys for the defendants, who are the Winchester Gas and Electric Light Company, announced in court that a compromise had been effected, whereby the company agreed to pay the plaintiff \$75.

## TO SUBMIT THEIR CASE TO-MORROW

Miners Are About Through With Their Evidence.

SURPRISE SPRUNG THURSDAY

Independent Operator Called to the Stand, but He Flatly Refused to Answer Some of the Questions Asked Him.

(By Associated Press.)  
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## FOUR MILLIONS FOR A CAPITOL

Pennsylvania to Have Splendid State House Built of Southern Granite.

(By Associated Press.)  
HARRISBURG, PA., December 11.—Contractor Payne, who will build the new Capitol, today took out a building permit, fixing the value at \$1,000,000.

A committee from Willsboro, S. C., where the granite for the new Capitol is to be quarried, called on Governor Stone today to protest against the action of the Pennsylvania granite cutters in demanding that the granite be dressed in the North, because of poor labor and lower wages at Willsboro. They said that labor at Willsboro quarries is skilled and commands good wages. The Governor referred the matter to the contractor.

## TERRIBLE EXPLOSION WHICH WRECKED JERSEY MILL

(By Associated Press.)  
LAKEWOOD, N. J., Dec. 11.—An explosion wrecked the nitro-glycerine mill of the Dittmars Powder and Chemical Works, at Maxin, six miles from here, this morning. Portions of the building were found a quarter of a mile distant. Calvin Haven, who was the only employee at work when the explosion occurred, was severely cut by flying glass and wreckage.

## BRITISH LAWYER GETS A TERM FOR STEALING

(By Associated Press.)  
LONDON, Dec. 11.—Robert Harding Milward, formerly solicitor of the Duke of Marlborough, and at one time a leading lawyer of the midland counties, was sentenced to six years penal servitude today, after having been convicted of misappropriating \$14,000 from a firm which became bankrupt in June.

Be More Than Hewers of Wood and Drawers of Water

FAVORS MANUAL TRAINING

Ex-President Thinks Question Should Be Met in Practical Way

BOOKER WASHINGTON SPOKE

On Occasion Was a Great Meeting Held in Philadelphia in the Interest of the Berean Manual Training School, Which is Working in the Interest of the Negro Youth.

(By Associated Press.)  
PHILADELPHIA, PA., Dec. 11.—Former President Cleveland presided tonight at a public meeting in aid of the Berean Manual Training School, an institution which aims to give members of the negro race the benefits of an industrial education. The meeting was attended by prominent jurists, educators and business men. Mr. Cleveland was the principal speaker, and Booker T. Washington, president of the Tuskegee Institute, also made an address.

The institution was established less than two years ago and has an enrollment of 20 students.

Mr. Cleveland is personally interested in the school, and in accepting the invitation to attend the meeting he said:

"I regard the object which the meeting is called to promote, so beneficial and so important to the advancement of a mass of our citizenship, greatly in need of improvement and care, that I have consented to try duty to comply with the request to preside at the meeting."

The census population of this city is 2,000,000, increasing at the rate of 10,000 a year, and tonight's meeting was held for the purpose of interesting the people of Philadelphia particularly, and of the country generally in their education.

Mr. Cleveland's address was in part as follows:

MR. CLEVELAND'S ADDRESS.

It is absolutely certain that everywhere in this broad land good people should be keenly alive to their duties and interest as related to the colored race, women, youth and children who constitute a factor, large or small, in the population of every community.

It is foolish for us to blind our eyes to the fact that more should be done to improve the condition of our negro population, and it should be entirely plain to all of us that the present state of affairs is not only a disgrace to our country, but a source of danger to our future.

We are supplied with a measure of public school privileges, and though in this they have been at a disadvantage as compared with their white neighbors.

We will not fail to estimate at its true value what has thus been accomplished, nor will we fail to appreciate the importance of continued and increasing effort in extending to this class of our citizens opportunities for ordinary school education.

No one who has given the subject deliberate thought can doubt that if we are to be just and fair towards our colored fellow-citizens, and if they are to be more completely made self-respecting, useful and safe members of our body politic, they must be taught to do something more than to hew wood and draw water. The way must be opened for them to engage in something better than manual service, and their interests must be secured to earn an honest, useful livelihood and a satisfied sense of protection and consideration.

I believe that the exigency can only be adequately met through the instrumentality of well-equipped manual training and industrial schools, conducted either independent or in connection with ordinary educational institutions. I am convinced that good citizenship, an orderly, contented life and a proper conception of civic virtue and obligations is almost certain to grow out of a fair chance to earn an honest, useful livelihood and a satisfied sense of protection and consideration.

The objects of our assemblage to-night are to learn the details of the work done by this institution, and to appreciate the importance of its existence and demonstrated its power for good. It has passed so far beyond an experimental stage that its usefulness is seriously cramped by lack of means and the want of necessary accommodations.

Surely, if the liberal citizens of Philadelphia are once satisfied that their duty to their less fortunate colored neighbors demands the increased success of this institution, it should not be difficult to induce them to extend to it a helping hand. We cannot anticipate that its neglect will be chargeable against the people of this philanthropic and patriotic city.

## NATIONAL CONSUMPTION SANITARIUM RECOMMENDED

(By Associated Press.)  
NEW ORLEANS, LA., December 11.—The American Public Health Association today concurred in a resolution recommended by the Executive Committee in favor of a National Consumption Sanitarium.

The resolution asking for the abolition of quarantine was reported back by the Legislative Committee with a recommendation that it was not expedient to adopt it at this time. The recommendation was approved.

The association refused to approve the resolution asking the Federal Government to employ sanitarian physicians in the building of the Isthmian canal, so that the health of those engaged in the work of the construction would be preserved.

FOUR MINERS KILLED NEAR WILKESBARRE, PA.

(By Associated Press.)  
WILKESBARRE, PA., December 11.—Four men were killed in No. 2 slope of the Kingston Coal Mine this afternoon.